CONSERVATION PRACTICE PHYSICAL EFFECTS WORKSHEET

STATE Any FIEL	D OFFICE Any	DATE 10/21/2008
PRACTICE: Vegetated Treatment	Baseline Setting: Crop or grassland	d converted to VTA
Area 635	Appropriate Land Use(s): Headquarters, Hay, Pasture	
RESOURCES, CONSIDERATIONS AND CONCERNS		RATIONALE
SOIL - EROSION		
Sheet and Rill	Moderate to Substantial Improvement	Permanent vegetation established.
Wind	Moderate to Substantial Improvement	Permanent vegetation established.
Ephemeral Gully	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Classic Gully	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Streambank	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Shoreline	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Irrigation Induced	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Mass Movement	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Road, Roadsides, and Construction Sites	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
SOIL - CONDITION		
Organic Matter Depletion	Moderate Improvement	Permanent vegetation established and organic matter captured
Rangeland Site Stability	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Compaction	Moderate Improvement	Permanent vegatation established
Subsidence	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Contaminants:		
Salts and other Chemicals	Slight to Moderate Worsening	Use of the practice requires adding contaminants to the soil surface, some of which will infiltrate.
 Animal Waste and other Organics N 	Slight to Moderate Worsening	Use of the practice requires adding contaminants to the soil surface, some of which will infiltrate.
Animal Waste and other Organics P	Slight to Moderate Worsening	Use of the practice requires adding contaminants to the soil surface, some of which will infiltrate.
Animal Waste and other Organics K	Slight to Moderate Worsening	Use of the practice requires adding contaminants to the soil surface, some of which will infiltrate.
Commercial Fertilizer - N	Neutral	Nutrients come from manure not fertilizer
Commercial Fertilizer – P	Neutral	Nutrients come from manure not fertilizer
Commercial Fertilizer – K	Neutral	Nutrients come from manure not fertilizer
Residual Pesticides	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Damage from Sediment Deposition	Not Applicable	Not applicable.

WATER – QUANTITY		
Rangeland Hydrologic Cycle	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Excessive Seepage	Slight worsening	Infiltration at area has the potential to aggravate already saturated conditions.
Excessive Runoff, Flooding, or Ponding	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Excessive Subsurface Water	Slight to Moderate Worsening	Infiltration in the treatment area will add to subsurface water.
Drifted Snow	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Inadequate Outlets	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Inefficient Water use on Irrigated Land	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Inefficient Water use on Non-Irrigated Land	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Reduced Capacity of Conveyances by Sediment Deposition	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Reduced Storage of Water Bodies by Sediment Accumulation	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Aquifer Overdraft	Slight Improvment	Infiltrating water in the treatment area will increase groundwater.
Insufficient Flows in Water Courses	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
WATER – QUALITY		
In Groundwater:		
Harmful Levels of Pesticides	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Excessive Nutrients and Organics	Slight to Moderate Worsening	The action entails the application of waste which increases the potential for groundwater contamination.
Excessive Salinity	Slight to Moderate Worsening	The action entails the application of waste which increases the potential for groundwater contamination.
Harmful Levels of Heavy Metals	Neutral	Heavy metals are rarely associated with manure, however, infiltrating water in treatment strip will increase soluble contaminants moving to groundwater.
Harmful Levels of Pathogens	Neutral	Infiltrating water in treatment area will increase soluble contaminants moving to groundwater, however there will be die-off as pathogens are trapped in the vegetation and increased microbial activity enhances competition with pathogens.
Harmful Levels of Petroleum	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
In Surface Water:		
Harmful Levels of Pesticides	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Excessive Nutrients and Organics	Moderate to Substantial Improvement	Infiltration and plant uptake in the treatment area will remove contaminants from polluted

		runoff and waste water.
Excessive Suspended Sediment	Slight to Moderate Improvement	Vegetation protects soil surface
and Turbidity	Signe to Moderate improvement	and traps sediment, nutrients and
		other materials.
Excessive Salinity	Slight to Moderate Improvement	Infiltration in the treatment area
		may remove some salts from
		polluted runoff and waste water.
Harmful Levels of Heavy Metals	Neutral	Heavy metals are rarely
•		associated with manure;
		however, infiltration and plant
		uptake in the treatment strip will
		remove contaminants from
		polluted runoff and waste water.
Harmful Temperatures	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Harmful Levels of Pathogens	Substantial Improvement	Infiltration and plant uptake in
		the treatment area will remove
		contaminants from polluted
		runoff and waste water.
Harmful Levels of Petroleum	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
AIR – QUALITY		
Particulate Matter less than 10	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Micrometers in Diameter (PM 10)		
Particulate Matter less than 2.5	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Micrometers in Diameter (PM 2.5)		
Excessive Ozone	Neutral	There is a minimal reduction of
		ozone precursors through
		reduced surface temperatures
		offered by shade or ground
		cover, and minimal biofiltering
		of ozone concentrations due to
Excessive Greenhouse Gas:		interception by vegetation.
	Slight Improvement	Vegetation removes CO2 from
• CO ₂ (Carbon Dioxide)	Stight improvement	the air and stores it in the form
		of carbon in the plants and soil.
• N ₂ 0 (Nitrous Oxide)	Neutral	Not applicable.
	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
• CH ₄ (Methane)		
Ammonia (NH ₃)	Neutral	Not applicable.
Chemical Drift	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Objectionable Odors	Slight to Moderate Improvement	Can be used to prevent need for
Reduced Visibility	Not Applicable	long term storage of manure
Reduced Visibility Undesirable Air Movement	Not Applicable Not Applicable	Not applicable. Not applicable.
Adverse Air Temperature	Not Applicable Not Applicable	Not applicable.
PLANTS – SUITABLIITY	1 Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Plants not Adapted or Suited	Substantial Improvement	Plants selected are adapted and
Tiunts not reapted of Suited	Substantial Improvement	suited.
PLANTS - CONDITION		
Productivity, Health, and Vigor	Slight to Moderate Improvement	Treatment area will receive
1100001111, 11001111, und 11gor	angle to moderate improvement	excess nutrients which could be
		toxic and diminish plant health.
Threatened or Endangered Plant		
Species:		

Plant Species Listed or Proposed for Listing Under the Endangered Species Act	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Declining Species, Species of Concern	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Noxious and Invasive Plants	Moderate to Substantial Improvement	Vegetation is installed and managed to control undesired species.
Forage Quality and Palatability	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Wildfire Hazard	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
ANIMALS - FISH AND WILDLIFE		
Inadequate Food	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Inadequate Cover/Shelter	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Inadequate Water	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Inadequate Space	Neutral	Area provides only limited additional space for most species.
Habitat Fragmentation	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Imbalance Among and Within Populations	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Threatened and Endangered Fish and Wildlife Species:		
• Fish and Wildlife Species Listed or Proposed for Listing Under the Endangered Species Act	Neutral	Activities are designed, installed, and mitigated to an extent to maintain or enhance species of concern.
Declining Species, Species of Concern	Neutral	Activities are designed, installed, and mitigated to an extent to maintain or enhance species of concern.
ANIMALS – DOMESTIC		species of concern.
Inadequate Quantities and Quality of Feed and Forage	Slight Improvement	There may be some use of the planting for feed and forage by livestock.
Inadequate Shelter	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Inadequate Stock Water	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
Stress and Mortality	Not Applicable	Not applicable.
HUMAN – ECONOMICS		
Land - Change in Land Use	Slight	Area planted to vegetation with restricted access for original uses.
Land – Land in Production	Negligible	Small areas taken out of production.
Capital – Change in Equipment	Slight Increase.	Equipment required to install and maintain practice.
Capital - Total Investment Cost	Slight to Moderate	Materials, equipment and labor to install practice.
Capital – Annual Cost	Slight increase.	Equipment and labor to maintain the practice.
Capital – Credit and Farm Program Eligibility	Situational.	
Labor - Labor	Slight increase.	Remove sediment and waste and pest management.

Labor – Change in Management Level	Slight increase.	Annual maintenance required to maintain practice.
Risk - Yield	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Risk - Flexibility	Slight Increase	Slight increase due to design criteria.
Risk - Timing	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Risk – Cash Flow	Slight Increase	Slight increase due to construction costs.
Profitability – Change in Profitability	Situational	May reduce waste mangement costs.
HUMAN - CULTURAL		
Cultural Resources and/or Historic Properties Present or Suspected to be PRESENT	Slight Increase	Construction impacts possible
HUMAN – ENERGY		
Depletion of Fossil Fuel Resources	Slight Increase	Maintenance of this practice requires regular cleanout.
Underutilization of Non-Fossil Energy Resources	Not Applicable	Not applicable

Human Considerations Explanation

Considerations	Physical effects indicate:
Land - Change in	The degree to which implementing the conservation practice is expected to cause
Land Use	a change from one land use to another.
Land - Land in	The degree to which implementing the conservation practice is expected to cause
Production	an increase or decrease in the amount of land in production.
Capital - Change in	The degree to which implementing the conservation practice is expected to cause
Equipment	an increase or decrease in the amount of capital equipment required for farm or
	ranch operations.
Capital - Total	A qualitative measure of the increase in total investment dollars required in order
Investment Cost	to implement the conservation practice.
Capital - Annual	A qualitative measure of the expected change in annual capital costs required in
Cost	order to operate and maintain the conservation practice.
Capital - Credit &	Included to make conservation planners aware of the potential availability of
Farm Program	funding for implementing conservation practices.
Eligibility	
Labor – Labor	The degree to which implementing the conservation practice is likely to cause an
	increase or decrease in the total amount of overall farm or ranch labor required
	for operations.
Labor - Change in	The degree to which implementing the conservation practice is likely to cause an
Management Level	increase or decrease in the total amount of required active management on a
	farm or ranch.
Risk – Yield	The degree to which risk, as related to crop or livestock yields, is expected to
	increase or decrease as a result of implementing the conservation practice.
Risk – Flexibility	The degree to which risk, as related to the flexibility of farm or ranch operations,
	is expected to increase or decrease as a result of implementing the conservation
	practice. For example, converting from flood irrigation to a sprinkler system
	gives a farmer an increase in flexibility of irrigation, which results in a decrease
D11 E1 1	in the level of risk associated with inflexibility of operations.
Risk – Timing	The degree to which risk, as related to the timing of farm or ranch operations, is
	expected to increase or decrease as a result of implementing the conservation
Diala Carlo Elass	practice.
Risk - Cash Flow	The degree to which risk, as related to cash flow in farm or ranch operations, is
	expected to increase or decrease as a result of implementing the conservation
Profitability -	practice. The degree to which farm or ranch profitability is expected to increase or
Change in	decrease as a result of implementing the conservation practice.
Profitability	decrease as a result of implementing the conservation practice.
Cultural Resources	The degree to which implementation of the conservation practice is expected to
and/or Historic	increase or decrease the risk of cultural resource disturbance, degradation, or
Properties Present	loss.
or Suspected to be	
Present	
Depletion of Fossil	Inefficient use of fossil-originated energy sources (diesel, gasoline, propane,
Fuel Resources	natural gas, coal), lubricants, and other materials.
Underutilization of	Available and cost-effective alternative energy sources (solar, wind, biofuel,
Non-Fossil Energy	hydroelectric, geothermal) are not being used or are being used inefficiently.
Sources	and a second discontinuity.
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